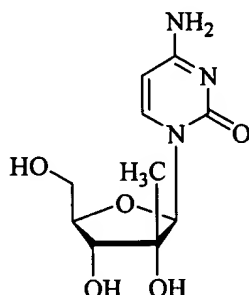


This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

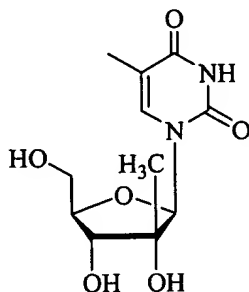
Claims 1-99 (cancelled)

Claim 100 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a host, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



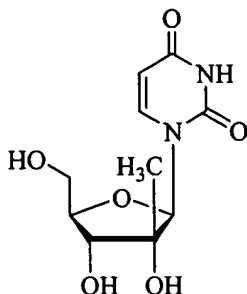
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

Claim 101 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a host, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

Claim 102 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a host, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

Claims 103-129 (canceled)

Claim 130 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims ~~83, 86, 89, 90~~, 100, 101, 102, or ~~140-145~~ 140-152, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is suitable for oral delivery.

Claim 131 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims ~~83, 86, 89, 90~~, 100, 101, 102, or ~~140-145~~ 140-152, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is suitable for intravenous delivery.

Claim 132 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims ~~83, 86, 89, 90~~, 100, 101, 102, or ~~140-145~~ 140-152, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is suitable for parenteral delivery.

Claim 133 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims ~~83, 86, 89, 90~~, 100, 101, 102, or ~~140-145~~ 140-152, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is suitable for intradermal delivery.

Claim 134 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims ~~83, 86, 89, 90~~, 100, 101, 102, or ~~140-145~~ 140-152, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is suitable for subcutaneous delivery.

Claim 135 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims ~~83, 86, 89, 90~~, 100, 101, 102, or ~~140-145~~ 140-152, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is suitable for topical delivery.

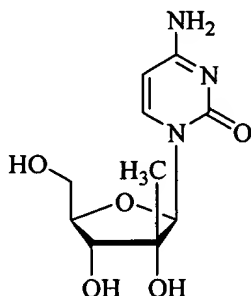
Claim 136 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims ~~83, 86, 89, 90~~, 100, 101, 102, or ~~140-145~~ 140-152, wherein the compound is in the form of a dosage unit.

Claim 137 (previously presented): The method of claim 136, wherein the dosage unit contains 10 to 1500 mg of the compound.

Claim 138 (previously presented): The method of claim 136, wherein the dosage unit is a tablet or capsule.

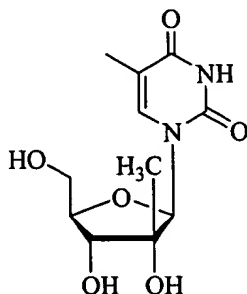
Claim 139 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims ~~83, 86, 89, 90~~, 100, 101, or 102, or 146-152 wherein the host is a human.

Claim 140 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a human, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



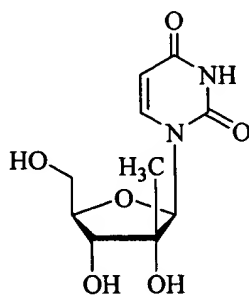
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

Claim 141 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a human, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



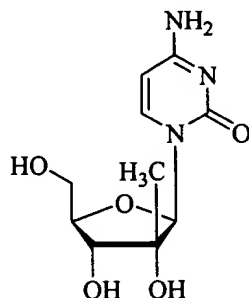
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

Claim 142 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a human, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



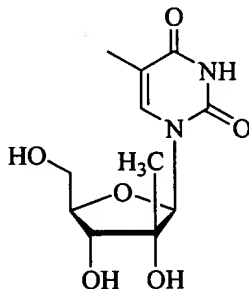
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

Claim 143 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a human, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



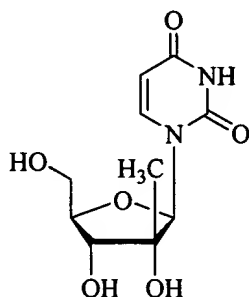
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 144 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a human, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



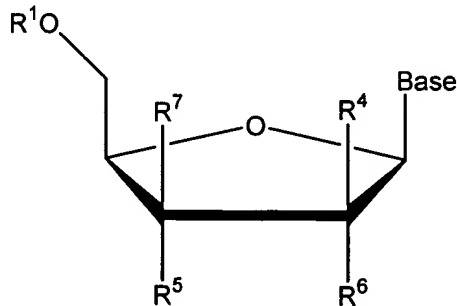
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

Claim 145 (currently amended): A method for the treatment of a Hepatitis C virus infection in a human, comprising administering an antivirally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

Claim 146 (new): A method for the treatment of a hepatitis C virus infection in a host, comprising administering an anti-virally effective amount of a  $\beta$ -D nucleoside compound of formula:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent, wherein:

Base is a pyrimidine base;

$R^1$  is independently H; phosphate; stabilized phosphate prodrug; acyl; alkyl; sulfonate ester and benzyl, wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted with one or more substituents; a lipid; an amino acid; a carbohydrate; a peptide; a cholesterol; or other pharmaceutically acceptable leaving group which when administered *in vivo* is capable of providing a compound wherein  $R^1$  is independently H or phosphate; and

R<sup>4</sup> is alkyl, alkynyl, -C(O)O(alkyl), -C(O)O(lower alkyl), -O(acyl), -O(lower acyl), -O(alkyl), -O(lower alkyl), -O(alkenyl), halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH(lower alkyl), -NH(acyl), -N(lower alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, -N(acyl)<sub>2</sub>; and

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently OR<sup>1</sup>, hydroxy, alkyl, azido, cyano, alkenyl, alkynyl, Br-vinyl, -C(O)O(alkyl), -C(O)O(lower alkyl), -O(acyl), -O(lower acyl), -O(alkyl), -O(lower alkyl), -O(alkenyl), chlorine, bromine, iodine, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH(lower alkyl), -NH(acyl), -N(lower alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, -N(acyl)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>7</sup> is H, alkyl, chlorine, bromine, or iodine; and

X is O, S, SO<sub>2</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>.

Claim 147 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein the pyrimidine base is selected from the group consisting of thymine, cytosine, 5-fluorocytosine, 5-methylcytosine, 6-azapyrimidine, including 6-azacytosine, 2- and/or 4-mercaptopyrimidine, uracil, 5-halouracil, C<sup>5</sup>-alkylpyrimidines, C<sup>5</sup>-benzylpyrimidines, C<sup>5</sup>-halopyrimidines, C<sup>5</sup>-vinylpyrimidine, C<sup>5</sup>-acetylenic pyrimidine, C<sup>5</sup>-acyl pyrimidine, C<sup>5</sup>-hydroxyalkyl purine, C<sup>5</sup>-amidopyrimidine, C<sup>5</sup>-cyanopyrimidine, C<sup>5</sup>-nitropyrimidine, or C<sup>5</sup>-aminopyrimidine.

Claim 148 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is methyl, and R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are hydroxyl.

Claim 149 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein the compound is in the form of a dosage unit.

Claim 150 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein the compound is in substantially pure form.

Claim 151 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein the compound is at least 90% by weight free of the β-L-isomer.

Claim 152 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein the compound is at least 95% by weight free of the β-L-isomer.

Claim 153 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is alkyl.

Claim 154 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydroxy.

Claim 155 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein R<sup>6</sup> is hydroxy.

Claim 156 (new): The method of claim 146, wherein R<sup>7</sup> is H.

Claim 157 (new): The method of any one of claims 100-102 or 140-145, wherein the compound is at least 90% by weight free of the  $\beta$ -L-isomer.

Claim 158 (new): The method of any one of claims 100-102 or 140-145, wherein the compound is at least 95% by weight free of the  $\beta$ -L-isomer.

Claim 159 (new): The method as in any one of claims 100-102 or 145-150, wherein the compound is in substantially pure form.

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